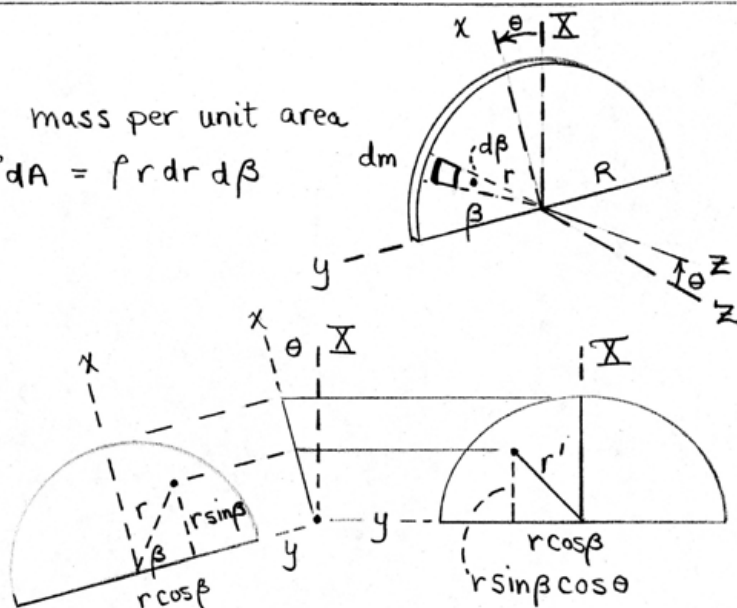


► B/50

Let ρ = mass per unit area

$$dm = \rho dA = \rho r dr d\beta$$



r' = distance from dm to z -axis.

$$r'^2 = r^2 (\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta)$$

$$dI_{zz} = r'^2 dm = \rho r^3 (\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta) dr d\beta$$

$$I_{zz} = \rho \frac{R^4}{4} \int_0^\pi (\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta) d\beta$$

$$= \rho \frac{R^4}{4} \left[\frac{\pi}{2} (1 + \cos^2 \theta) \right] \cdot \frac{m}{\rho \pi R^2 / 2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} m R^2 (1 + \cos^2 \theta)$$